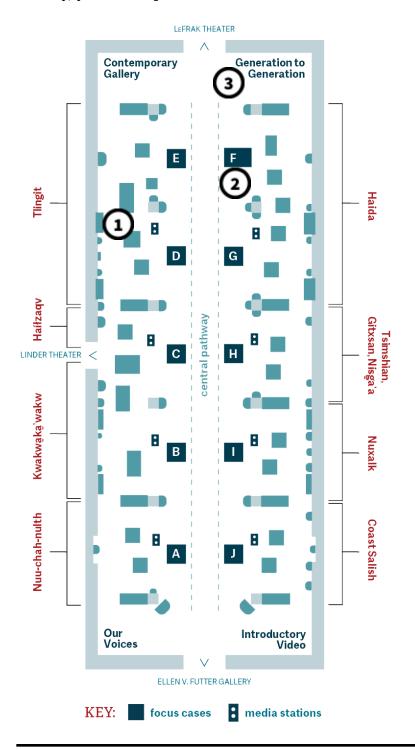
Student Worksheets

Welcome to the Northwest Coast Hall!

Everything that you see in the hall is a treasure of the Northwest Coast Indigenous people. Today, you will explore four treasures. Each one tells a story about the people who made it.









4. Anywhere in the Hall

STOP 1 Chilkat Robe

TLINGIT

This robe is a treasure of the Tlingit people. It was woven in the year 1842. The weaver used mountain-goat wool, cedar bark, and animal hide to create this robe.

- **1. Look** at the robe. **Talk** about it with a partner:
- What is the first thing that you see?
- What colors and shapes do you see?

- 2. **Find** this design on the robe. Black is the most important color used by the artist. It shows the design. The black paint was made from charcoal.
- **Color** in the missing black parts here. (Some are already colored in for you!)
- **3. Read** the text below the robe. Look at the drawing of the same design pattern.



- 4. Talk about it:
- What does the design show? What story does it tell?
- How are robes like this a part of Tlingit life today?
- Why are robes like this important to the Tlingit people?
- **4.** On the northern Northwest Coast, Indigenous artists work in a special design style called Formline. They all use the same seven basic shapes to create their designs. **Look** at the robe on display. Can you **find** these shapes? **Check** ☑ the shapes that you find. (Hint: The shapes can be in black, green, or neutral color. They can be thinner or thicker. They can even be sideways or upside down!)



STOP 2 Cedar Chest

HAIDA

This painted chest (large box) is a treasure of the Haida people. It was carved from a single cedar tree around the year 1850.

1. Walk around the cedar chest. Look at all four sides.

Talk about what you see with a partner:

- What stands out to you?
- What colors and shapes do you see?
- 2. Each side of the cedar chest has a giant "face" design. It is called a crest. **Pick** one crest design and **draw** it in this box:
- **3. Find** the "Chest of Chief Gidansda" text panel. **Read** about the three crest designs.

Which crest design did you draw?

- □ Grizzly Bear □ Mountain Goat □ Moon
- 4. Talk about the crest design that you chose:
- What does it represent?
- What story does it tell?
- How is it important to the Haida people?
- **5. Write** one fact that interests you about its story and its meaning to the Haida people:
- **4.** On the northern Northwest Coast, Indigenous artists work in a special design style called Formline. They all use the same seven basic shapes to create their designs. Six of those shapes were used on this cedar chest. **Walk** around it and **look** at all four sides. Can you **find** these shapes? **Check** ☑ the shapes that you find. (Hint: The shapes can be in black, red, green, or brown. They can be thinner or thicker. They can even be sideways or upside down!)



crescents



inner ovoid



s-shape

STOP 3

Present-Day Designs

GENERATION TO GENERATION

Indigenous artists today continue to draw from traditional materials and stories to create their designs. They also draw from the Formline style.

Pick and **observe** one of these items:

- □ basketball □ wrap
- □ skateboard □ shoes

TALK ABOUT IT

- Which Formline shapes do you see?
- Compare this item with the Chilkat robe and the cedar chest. What differences in materials, shapes, and colors do you see?
- What does the artist say about using traditional styles to make contemporary art?

STOP 4 Pick Your Own

ANYWHERE IN THE HALL

			ws the Formlin	-	
ite a caption abou	t who made it	and what it is	:		
1					