Student Entry Sheet - Page 1

During your visit to the Mummies exhibition, you learned that the people of ancient Egypt and ancient Peru created mummies. Now you will write an essay in which you will describe two mummies that you observed in the exhibition.

First, write an introduction to your essay. Then, describe a mummy from ancient Peru. Your description should include both what it looks like on the outside and what its scan shows about the inside. Include a labeled drawing of the mummy with a caption. Next, describe a mummy from ancient Egypt. Your description should include both what it looks like on the outside and what its scan shows about the inside. Include a labeled drawing of the mummy with a caption. Lastly, write a concluding paragraph.

The American Museum of Natural History showed mummies from the past. The mummies are from two different places. One is from Peru and the other is from Egypt. The mummies at the exhibit on display are seen with CT scans or X-rays so you can tell how the mummies look underneath the wrapping and also if it is possible to identify the mummy as a woman, girl, boy, or a man. And the mummies are very old and come from time periods as early as the 1400 BC.

In Peru there is a mummy called "Woman with two children". This mummy was made from between 1000 to 1400 AD. The outside of the mummy is really messy and tied up in ropes with a brownish color cloth. The brownish color
cloth might been white, but it got dirty and aged over periods of time. The rope was tied around the neck. The CT scan showed the bones of the mummy broken because the mummy was preserved for a really long time, and over time the bones decade. There are three people, a woman in her twenties and two kids. The woman's hands were wrap around the children neck the legs of all 3 people are curled up together so the mummies are really small no longer than a yard stick.

The other mummy is from Egypt. The mummy's name is "Mummy" this mummy is made between the 232 to 30 BC. The outside of the mummy is old and dust just like the peruvian mummy. The cloth is wrapped around the mummy, and the cloth had been added layers of linen to stick, and to keep the cloth in place so the mummy is wrap neatly. When
scanning the mummy, the cloth around the
mummy disappear. It show the mummy's
bones. The mummy's hand are placed across each
other and touching their shoulder. The leg is
oblong probably because a package of internal
organs. The mummy has been mummified for a really
long time so the cloth is also brown.

The Peruvian Mummy and the Egyptian
mummy are really similar and different. The
Peruvian Mummy use ropes to tie the cloth, so
it won't fall apart but the Egyptian use linen
to stick the cloth together so they are different.
Both mummies are wrap differently. The
Egyptian mummy is wrapped neatly but the
Peruvian mummy is wrap by using cloth and
Tie in it so it is messy. The mummies are
similar because both mummies are wrap
with cloth and also the mummies
whole body was preserved.
### Illustration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Left Side</th>
<th>Right Side</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Scan</td>
<td>outside</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kid</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>arms</td>
<td>into this</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>legs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CT Scan</td>
<td>mummify</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Caption:

If you can see before the mummy is wrapped its bones looks like this above broken. The hands are wrapped around the children's neck and the three people's legs are carried up together.
Caption: The scan shown can see the bones of the mummy, and after the mummy is wrapped neatly.